Hoopoe Te The Boy V English Gre	nt Standard Alignment: eaching Stories: Vithout a Name n Standards ade Four	Making Predictions	Developing Reading and Speaking Vocabulary	Creating a Book	Drawing Parts of the Story	Using Words and Phrases - Playing Charades	Developing Comprehension	Story Scramble	Compare and Contrast	Dialogue Writing	Retelling with Puppets	Developing Reflection and Analogical Thinking	Writing and Retelling with Poetry	Creating Thoughtshots	Dreams and Dream Boxes	Prepared Readers' Theater
Development Students und reading. They select letter them into spoken language	y, and Systematic Vocabulary erstand the basic features of patterns and know how to translate by using phonics, syllabication, and s knowledge to achieve fluent oral		X			X										x
Word Recognition																
	pository text aloud with grade- eccuracy and with appropriate pacing, n.		Х			Х										Х
Vocabulary and Concept	Development :															
	word origins, derivations, synonyms, determine the meaning of words and															
unknown words within a																
	and affixes derived from Greek and edge to analyze the meaning of mational).															
1.5 Use a thesaurus to de	termine related words and concepts.															
1.6 Distinguish and interp	pret words with multiple meanings.					Х										
material. They draw upon strategies as needed (e.g., g essential questions, making information from several se (Recommended Literature, Twelve) illustrate the qualit to be read by students. In a reading, students read one including a good represent narrative and expository to	and grade-level-appropriate a variety of comprehension enerating and responding to g predictions, comparing	×	×	×	Х	×	×	×	X	×	х	×	×	X		×
Structural Features of In																
compare and contrast, car	terns found in informational text (e.g., use and effect, sequential or position and support) to strengthen							Х	Х		Х					

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Comprehension and Analysis of Grade-Level-Appropriate Text															
2.2 Use appropriate strategies when reading for different purposes (e.g., full comprehension, location of information, personal enjoyment).	X	Х	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	Х	Х	Х		Х
2.3 Make and confirm predictions about text by using prior knowledge and ideas presented in the text itself, including illustrations, titles, topic sentences, important words, and foreshadowing clues.	X			X		X	X			X	Х				
2.4 Evaluate new information and hypotheses by testing them against known information and ideas.						Χ	Х								
2.5 Compare and contrast information on the same topic after reading several passages or articles.															
2.6 Distinguish between cause and effect and between fact and opinion in expository text.															
2.7 Follow multiple-step instructions in a basic technical manual (e.g., how to use computer commands or video games).			Х											Х	
3.0 Literary Response and Analysis Students read and respond to a wide variety of significant works of children's literature. They distinguish between the structural features of the text and the literary terms or elements (e.g., theme, plot, setting, characters). The selections in (Recommended Literature, Kindergarten Through Grade Twelve) illustrate the quality and complexity of the materials to be read by students.	Х					X		X		X	X			X	X
Structural Features of Literature															
3.1 Describe the structural differences of various imaginative forms of literature, including fantasies, fables, myths, legends, and fairy tales.	Х														
Narrative Analysis of Grade-Level-Appropriate Text															
3.2 Identify the main events of the plot, their causes, and the influence of each event on future actions.	Х			Х		Х				Х					Х
3.3 Use knowledge of the situation and setting and of a character's traits and motivations to determine the causes for that character's actions.	Х			X		X		X		X	Х			Х	Х
3.4 Compare and contrast tales from different cultures by tracing the exploits of one character type and develop theories to account for similar tales in diverse cultures (e.g., trickster tales).															

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h	5.5 Define figurative language (e.g., simile, metaphor, syperbole, personification) and identify its use in literary works.															
Stud deve aud the	Writing Strategies lents write clear, coherent sentences and paragraphs that elop a central idea. Their writing shows they consider the ience and purpose. Students progress through the stages of writing process (e.g., prewriting, drafting, revising, editing tessive versions).									Х			X	X	Х	
	Organization and Focus															
V	.1 Select a focus, an organizational structure, and a point of riew based upon purpose, audience, length, and format equirements.									Х			Х	X		
	.2 Create multiple-paragraph compositions:													Χ		
a	. Provide an introductory paragraph.													Х		
С	Establish and support a central idea with a topic sentence at or near the beginning of the first paragraph.													X		
e	. Include supporting paragraphs with simple facts, details, and xplanations.													Χ		
Ţ	l. Conclude with a paragraph that summarizes the points. (e. Use correct indention.)													Χ		
С	.3 Use traditional structures for conveying information (e.g., hronological order, cause and effect, similarity and difference, osing and answering a question).												Х	Х		
I	Penmanship															
1	.4 Write fluidly and legibly in cursive or joined italic.									Х			Χ	Χ	Χ	
	Research and Technology															
a	.5 Quote or paraphrase information sources, citing them ppropriately.															
C	.6 Locate information in reference texts by using organizational features (e.g., prefaces, appendixes).															
С	.7 Use various reference materials (e.g., dictionary, thesaurus, ard catalog, encyclopedia, online information) as an aid to writing.															
	.8 Understand the organization of almanacs, newspapers, and periodicals and how to use those print materials.															
С	.9 Demonstrate basic keyboarding skills and familiarity with omputer terminology (e.g., cursor, software, memory, disk lrive, hard drive).															

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Evaluation and Revision															
1.10 Edit and revise selected drafts to improve coherence and progression by adding, deleting, consolidating, and rearranging text.									X			Х			
2.0 Writing Applications (Genres and Their Characteristics) Students write compositions that describe and explain familiar objects, events, and experiences. Student writing demonstrates a command of standard American English and the drafting, research, and organizational strategies outlined in Writing Standard 1.0.									Χ			Χ	X		
Using the writing strategies of grade four outlined in Writing Standard 1.0, students:									Χ			Χ	Χ		
2.1 Write narratives:									Χ			Χ	Χ		
a. Relate ideas, observations, or recollections of an event or experience.									Χ			Χ	Χ		
b. Provide a context to enable the reader to imagine the world of the event or experience.									Χ			Χ	Χ		
c. Use concrete sensory details.									Х			Χ	Χ		
d. Provide insight into why the selected event or experience is memorable.									Χ			Χ	Χ		
2.2 Write responses to literature:									Χ			Χ	Χ	Χ	
a. Demonstrate an understanding of the literary work.									Χ			Χ	Χ	Χ	
b. Support judgments through references to both the text and prior knowledge.									Χ				Χ	X	
2.3 Write information reports:															
a. Frame a central question about an issue or situation.															
b. Include facts and details for focus.															
c. Draw from more than one source of information (e.g., speakers, books, newspapers, other media sources).															
2.4 Write summaries that contain the main ideas of the reading selection and the most significant details.															

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CO Th co for	RITTEN AND ORAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE ONVENTIONS e standards for written and oral English language eventions have been placed between those for writing and elistening and speaking because these conventions are ential to both sets of skills.									Χ			X		X	
St	Written and Oral English Language Conventions idents write and speak with a command of standard English inventions appropriate to this grade level.									Х			Χ	X	Х	
	Sentence Structure															
	1.1 Use simple and compound sentences in writing and speaking.									Х				Х	Х	
	1.2 Combine short, related sentences with appositives, participial phrases, adjectives, adverbs, and prepositional phrases.													Х		
	Grammar															
	1.3 Identify and use regular and irregular verbs, adverbs, prepositions, and coordinating conjunctions in writing and speaking.													X		
	Punctuation															
	1.4 Use parentheses, commas in direct quotations, and apostrophes in the possessive case of nouns and in contractions.													X		
	1.5 Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to identify titles of documents.															
	Capitalization															
	1.6 Capitalize names of magazines, newspapers, works of art, musical compositions, organizations, and the first word in quotations when appropriate.															
	Spelling															
	1.7 Spell correctly roots, inflections, suffixes and prefixes, and syllable constructions.									Χ			Χ	Χ		

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St co lis	O Listening and Speaking Strategies and Listening and Speaking Strategies and respond appropriately to oral symmunication. They speak in a manner that guides the stener to understand important ideas by using proper arasing, pitch, and modulation.	х			X		X	X	X		X	X				Х
	Comprehension															
	1.1 Ask thoughtful questions and respond to relevant questions with appropriate elaboration in oral settings.	Х			Х		Х	Χ	Х			Х				
	1.2 Summarize major ideas and supporting evidence presented in spoken messages and formal presentations.				Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	X				Х
	1.3 Identify how language usages (e.g., sayings, expressions) reflect regions and cultures.															
	1.4 Give precise directions and instructions.							Χ								
	Organization and Delivery of Oral Communication															
	1.5 Present effective introductions and conclusions that guide and inform the listener's understanding of important ideas and evidence.				Х		Х	Х	X		X	Х				Х
	1.6 Use traditional structures for conveying information (e.g., cause and effect, similarity and difference, posing and answering a question).	х			X		Х	Х	Х		X	Х				
	1.7 Emphasize points in ways that help the listener or viewer to follow important ideas and concepts.				Х		X	Χ	Χ		X	X				Х
	1.8 Use details, examples, anecdotes, or experiences to explain or clarify information.				Х		Х	Χ	Χ		X	Х				
	1.9 Use volume, pitch, phrasing, pace, modulation, and gestures appropriately to enhance meaning.				Х		Χ	Χ	Χ		X	Х				Х
	Analysis and Evaluation of Oral Media Communication															
	1.10 Evaluate the role of the media in focusing attention on events and in forming opinions on issues.															
Si fa co co	O Speaking Applications (Genres and Their Characteristics) udents deliver brief recitations and oral presentations about miliar experiences or interests that are organized around a oherent thesis statement. Student speaking demonstrates a ommand of standard American English and the reganizational and delivery strategies outlined in Listening and Speaking Standard 1.0.															
	Using the speaking strategies of grade four outlined in Listening and Speaking Standard 1.0, students:															
	2.1 Make narrative presentations:				Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ				Х

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a. Relate ideas, observations, or recollections about an event or experience.				Χ		Χ	Χ	Χ		Χ	Χ				Х
b. Provide a context that enables the listener to imagine the circumstances of the event or experience.				X							Х				Х
c. Provide insight into why the selected event or experience is memorable.	Х			Х		Χ					Χ	Χ			Х
2.2 Make informational presentations:															Χ
a. Frame a key question.															
b. Include facts and details that help listeners to focus.															
c. Incorporate more than one source of information (e.g., speakers, books, newspapers, television or radio reports).															
2.3 Deliver oral summaries of articles and books that contain the main ideas of the event or article and the most significant details.															
2.4 Recite brief poems (i.e., two or three stanzas), soliloquies, or dramatic dialogues, using clear diction, tempo, volume, and phrasing.												Х			Х